

## L90 Line Differential Relay: G.703 Communications Specification





#### Title G.703 Specifications **Executive Summary**

The purpose of this test is to verify the L90 Communication Specifications, for the G.703 Interface, with respect to; system end to end delay tolerance (balanced and asymmetrical), random error performance, phase re-lock for channel losses, and burst error performance.

The results of this experiment are as follows:

Maximum tolerated **Balanced Time Delay = 30ms** > Loop delay 62.0ms with UR settings near threshold.

Maximum tolerated Asymmetrical Time Delay = 2ms with UR settings near threshold.

Maximum tolerated **Random Error Rate = 8 \times 10^{-4}** with UR setting near threshold.

Maximum tolerated Burst Error Performance =  $1 \sec (a) 3x10^{-3}$ .

Average time to **Re-Lock for Channel Losses = 109 seconds**.

#### **L90 COMMUNICATIONS TEST**

#### **Purpose:**

The purpose of this test is to verify the L90 Communication Specifications, for the G.703 Interface, with respect to; system end to end delay tolerance (balanced and asymmetrical), random error performance, phase re-lock for channel losses, and burst error performance.

#### **Definitions:**

**Random Error Rate:** Random Error Rate (RER) is defined in units of error per bit. These errors have the same distribution as errors caused by Gaussian noise. The RER is settable from  $1 \times 10^{-0}$  to  $1 \times 10^{-9}$  error/bit. Setting the RER is generally done to achieve one of two effects:

• The desired effect is an error occurring on the average, every n bits in the error stream. The solution is to set the RER to 1/n (or as near as it can be).

Example: We want on the average 20,000 bits between errors. Set RER to  $1/n = 1/20,000 = 5e^{-5}$ .

• It is desired to have errors occur at random intervals with a mean of T seconds between errors. The solution is to set the RER to 1/(fT) where *f* is the data rate in bits/sec and T is the desired time between errors in sec/error.

Example: The data rate is  $1.544 \times 10^6$  bits/sec. We want errors to occur at approximately 3 millisecond intervals. Set RER to  $1/(fT) = 2.159 \times 10^{-4} \approx 2e^{-4}$ .

**Burst Errors:** The burst error feature offers the user more control over errors than random error features do. Burst error functions allow the user to:

- Achieve lower effective random error rates than by using the Random Error Rate parameter alone.
- Generate consecutive bit errors to test effectiveness of error-correction schemes.
- Generate errors at fixed time intervals to simulate periodic error sources.
- Manually trigger errors, singly or in bursts.

The parameters for setting up burst error effects include burst length (bits or milliseconds), burst density (errors/bit), and gap length (msec). These effects are programmed separately for each channel and operate independently on each channel.

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**Burst Length:** Burst length is measured in bits or in ms. A burst can be thought of as a "window" during which the burst error generator becomes active. The burst density parameter determines the error rate of the bits between the starting and ending bits of this 'window.' Burst length can be a constant length (fixed) or can be made to vary (random). In random burst mode, the distribution of burst lengths is geometric with the mean being the entered burst length.

**Burst Density:** The burst density parameter defines the random error rate during the burst error 'window.' Functionally, burst error densities operate the same as Random Error Rates, except that they are active only during bursts.

**Gap Length:** The gap length parameter defines the time between bursts in milliseconds. Gap length can be constant (fixed) or made to vary (random). The distribution of random gap lengths is geometric with the mean being the number entered.

#### Material:

- Communication Link Simulator
- 2 UR relays equipped with the latest version of L90 firmware and G.703 comm. Modules
- 4 channel oscilloscope
- L90 Functional Test Rig equipped with Manta

#### **Procedure:**

**Step 1:** Configure the Communications Link Simulator (CLS) to operate the RS422 Interface. A copy of the setup is included in Appendix A.

**Step 2:** Setup the CLS to enable impairments in both directions via the BNC connectors located on the front of the CLS (MULTIPLEX-COMM CHANNEL ACCESS), as shown in Figure 1; thus, enabling us to test the balanced end to end delay tolerance.



Figure 1

NOTE: This option enables impairments to be added to the paths R1-R2-EAST / R1-R2-WEST.



Step 3: Configure the Differential Element of the UR, so that the differential trip pickup levels are near threshold. Using the L9087L Program, we established the following settings: For Local Relay we injected .53A For Remote relay we injected 1.306A A copy of the UR setup is included in Appendix B.

**Step 4:** Begin at 0ms delay and inject delay into the system until a differential trip is observed on the Universal Relays. Also, observe the PFLL signal to verify if the status is OK or fail. Record the results.

**Step 5:** Setup the CLS to enable impairments in one direction via the BNC connectors located on the front of the CLS (MULTIPLEX-COMM. CHANNEL ACCESS), as shown in Figure 2; thus, enabling us to test the asymmetrical delay tolerance.





NOTE: This option enables impairments to be added to the paths R1-R2-EAST but not R2-R1-WEST.

**Step 6:** Begin at 0ms delay and inject delay into the system until a differential trip is observed on the Universal Relays. Also, observe the PFLL signal to verify if the status is OK or fail. Record the results.

**Step 7:** Once again, setup the CLS to allow impairments to be added in both directions, as shown in Figure 1, to allow us to test the random error performance.

**Step 8:** Setup the Adtec to inject the following impairments: Random Error Rate East =  $1 \times 10e^{-6}$  and West =  $1 \times 10e^{-7}$ , these values reflect normal operating conditions and should be the factory default. Next, increase the random error rate on the East channel until a differential trip is observed on the Universal Relays. Also, observe the PFLL signal to verify if the status is OK or fail. Record the results.

**Step 9:** To test re-lock for channel losses, add impairment, either delay or random error, until the PFLL status fails. Next remove all impairments and time how long it takes for the Relays to re-establish, status OK, PFLL. Repeat this test a few times and average the result.



**Step 10**: To test Burst error performance of the UR, a random error rate of  $1 \times 10e^{-4}$  in the east channel is desired for a 1-second pulse.

Settings:	Set east random error rate to 0
	Set east burst length to 1000F
	Set east burst density to $1e^{-4}$
	Set east gap length to 2500

These settings allow for 0 RER, with a burst length of 1second, a burst density of  $1 \times 10^{-4}$ , with a 2.5-second delay between bursts. Also, adjust the burst length and burst density until the unit fails and record the results.

#### **Results:**

BALANCED		ASYMMETRICAL			
Time I	Delay	Pass/Fail	Time Delay		Pass/Fail
<b>Injected Delay</b>	Loop		<b>Injected Delay</b>	Loop Delay	
Delay					
10ms	21.8ms	Pass	0ms	1.7ms	Pass
15ms	31.8ms	Pass	1ms	2.7ms	Pass
20ms	41.8ms	Pass	2ms	3.6ms	Pass
25ms	52.0ms	Pass	3ms	4.8ms	Threshold/Fail
30ms	62.0ms	Threshold/Fail			

#### **Random Error Rate**

<b>Random Error Rate</b>	Pass/Fail
1x10e <sup>-4</sup>	Pass
$2x10e^{-4}$	Pass
3x10e <sup>-4</sup>	Pass
4x10e <sup>-4</sup>	Pass
5x10e <sup>-4</sup>	Pass
6x10e <sup>-4</sup>	Pass
7x10e <sup>-4</sup>	Pass
8x10e <sup>-4</sup>	Threshold/Fail

#### **Re-Lock for Channel Losses**

Sample #	Measured Time
1	1:50 min
2	1:46 min
3	1:31 min
4	2:07 min
5	1:52 min

Burst Length	Burst Density	Gap Length	Pass/Fail
1 sec	1x10e <sup>-4</sup>	2.5 sec	Pass
1 sec	2x10e <sup>-4</sup>	2.5 sec	Pass
1 sec	3x10e <sup>-4</sup>	2.5 sec	Pass
1 sec	4x10e <sup>-4</sup>	2.5 sec	Pass
1 sec	5x10e <sup>-4</sup>	2.5 sec	Pass
1 sec	6x10e <sup>-4</sup>	2.5 sec	Pass
1 sec	7x10e <sup>-4</sup>	2.5 sec	Pass
1 sec	8x10e <sup>-4</sup>	2.5 sec	Pass
1 sec	9x10e <sup>-4</sup>	2.5 sec	Pass
1 sec	1x10e <sup>-3</sup>	2.5 sec	Pass
1 sec	2x10e <sup>-3</sup>	2.5 sec	Pass
1 sec	3x10e <sup>-3</sup>	2.5 sec	Threshold/Fail

#### **Burst Error Performance**

#### **Conclusions:**

Maximum tolerated Balanced Time Delay = 30ms > Loop delay 62.0ms with UR settings near threshold. Maximum tolerated Asymmetrical Time Delay = 2ms with UR settings near threshold.

Maximum tolerated Random Error Rate =  $8 \times 10^{-4}$  with UR setting near threshold.

Maximum tolerated Burst Error Performance =  $1 \sec (a) 3x10^{-3}$ .

Average time to Re-Lock for Channel Losses = 109 seconds.



# Appendix A

## **CLS Settings**



### **Port Assignments**

#### **Port Overview**

Bayly Comm	nunications Inc.			Omniplexer
	RACS	II [CLS] Curren	t Configuration	
Local Port	t Data Rate = 960	O baud, Passwor	d = GEM	
	Port Number	Port Name	Module Type	Connection
Press any	E1/T1 Exp. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 key to continue.	E1/T1 Expand R1Woice R1G703 R1RS422 R2Woice R2G703W R2RS422W R3W0ice R3G703 R3RS422	E1/T1 IM 4W G703 RS422 4W G703W RS422W 4W G703 RS422W 4W G703 RS422	f ixed f ixed logon logon logon logon logon logon logon logon

#### Port 1

ID.

4 Channel IC	M Current Configu	ration	
The E-Lead Status is Normal,	& all Channels a	re Transmitting Eas	t.
Channel A		Channel B	
Channel = Loopback = Rx Level = Tx Level = Signalling Type = Interface Type =	07 0ff 0.0 0.0 5 4-₩	Channel = Loopback = Rx Level = Tx Level = Signalling Type = Interface Type =	11 Off 0.0 0.0 5 4-₩
Channel C		Channel D	
Channel = Loopback = Rx Level = Tx Level = Signalling Type = Interface Type =	Disabled Off 0.0 0.0 5 4-W	Channel = Loopback = Rx Level = Tx Level = Signalling Type = Interface Type =	08 0ff 0.0 0.0 5 4-₩
Press any key to continue			

Bayly Communicati	ons Inc.				
64 k	64 kBits DCM [CODIRECTIONAL] Current Configuration				
All Channels are	Iransmitting 🕰 ast				
Channel A		Channel B			
Channel = Loopback = Timing Sta	04 Off tus = xx	Channel = Loopback = Timing Status	12 0ff = xx		
Channel C		Channel D			
Channel = Loopback = Timing Sta	Disabled Off tus = xx	Channel = Loopback = Timing Status	05 Off = xx		
Press any key to continue					

Bayly Communication	Bayly Communications Inc.				
NX56	5/64 kBits DCM [RS-42	2] Current Configura	ation		
All Channels are Tr	ansmitting East				
Channel A	Channel B	Channel C	Channel D		
Channel AChannel BChannel CChannel DOper. Mode = NX64Oper. Mode = NX64Oper. Mode = NX66Oper. Mode = NX64Start Ch. = 01Start Ch. = 10Start Ch. = Dis.Start Ch. = 02Value of N = 01Value of N = 01Value of N = 01Value of N = 01Loopback = 0ffLoopback = 0ffLoopback = 0ffLoopback = 0ffClock = Int.Clock = Int.Clock = Int.Clock = Int.Timing = 0KTiming = 0KTiming = 0KTiming = 0K					
Press any key to co	ontinue				

4 Channel ICM Current Configuration The E-Lead Status is Normal, & all Channels are Transmitting West. Channel A Channel B Channel = 07 Channel = 11 Loopback = Rx Level = Tx Level = Off Loopback = Off 0.0Rx Level = 0.0 0.0 5 0.0 Tx Level = Signalling Type = Interface Type = Signalling\_Type = 5 4-₩ 4-₩ Interface Type = Channel C Channel D Channel = 09 Channel = Disabled Loopback = 0ff Loopback = 0ff 0.0 Rx Level = 0.0Rx Level = 0.00.0Tx Level = Tx Level = Signalling Type = Interface Type = Signalling Type = Interface Type = 5 5 4-₩ 4-₩ Press any key to continue...

Bayly Communications Inc	,			
64 kBits DCM	[CODIRECTIONAL] Cur	rent Configuration		
All Channels are Transmi	tting West			
Channel A		Channel B		
Channel = Loopback = Timing Status =	04 Off xx	Channel = Loopback = Timing Status =	12 Off xx	
Channel C		Channel D		
Channel = Loopback = Timing Status =	Disabled Off xx	Channel = Loopback = Timing Status =	Disabled Off xx	
Timing Status = xx Timing Status = xx Press any key to continue				

Bayly Communications Inc. 2 NX56/64 kBits DCM [RS-422] Current Configuration All Channels are Transmitting West Channel C Channel A Channel B Channel D Oper. Mode = NX64Start Ch. = 01 Value of N = 01 Oper. Mode = NX64 Start Ch. = 10 Value of N = 01 Oper. Mode = NX56Start Ch. = Dis. Value of N = 01 Oper. Mode = NX56 Start Ch. = Dis. Value of N = 01 Loopback = Off Loopback = Remote Loopback = Off Loopback = 0 f fClock Clock = Int. = Int. Clock = Int. Clock = Int. = OK Timing = 0K Timing = 0K Timing = OK Timing Press any key to continue....\_

4 Channel TCM Current Configuration					
The E-Lead Status is Normal, & all Channels are Transmitting West.					
Channel A		Channel B			
Channel = Loopback = Rx Level = Tx Level = Signalling Type = Interface Type =	Disabled Off 0.0 0.0 5 4-W	Channel = Loopback = Rx Level = Tx Level = Signalling Type = Interface Type =	11 Off 0.0 0.0 5 4-W		
Channel = Loopback = Rx Level = Tx Level = Signalling Type = Interface Type =	09 0ff 0.0 0.0 5 4-W	Channel = Loopback = Rx Level = Tx Level = Signalling Type = Interface Type =	08 Remote 0.0 0.0 5 4-W		
Press any key to continue					

 $\widehat{\mathbf{A}}$ Bayly Communications Inc. 64 kBits DCM [CODIRECTIONAL] Current Configuration All Channels are Transmitting West Channel B Channel A Channel = Disabled Channel = 12 Loopback = Timing Status = Loopback = Timing Status = Öff 0ff ХΧ хх Channel C Channel D Channel = Loopback = Timing Status = Channel = 06 05 Loopback = Timing Status = Ôff 0ff хх XX Press any key to continue....

Bayly Communication	Bayly Communications Inc.				
NX56	5/64 kBits DCM [RS-42	2] Current Configura	ition		
All Channels are Tr	ansmitting West				
Channel A	Channel B 🗟	Channel C	Channel D		
Oper. Mode = NX56 Start Ch. = Dis. Value of N = O1 Loopback = Off Clock = Int. Timing = OK	Oper. Mode = NX64 Start Ch. = 10 Value of N = 01 Loopback = 0ff Clock = Int. Timing = 0K	Oper. Mode = NX64 Start Ch. = 03 Value of N = 01 Loopback = Off Clock = Int. Timing = OK	Oper. Mode = NX64 Start Ch. = 02 Value of N = 01 Loopback = Off Clock = Int. Timing = OK		
Press any key to co	ontinue				



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# Appendix B

**UR** Settings

#### **Current Differential**

📟 Current Differential // Settings List: C: 💶 🗵					
1 2 🛪 👔 🔍 🔋 🔘					
SETTING	PARAMETER				
Function	Enabled				
Тар	1.0				
Phase Pickup	0.20 A				
Ground Pickup	4.00 A				
Phase Restraint1	30 %				
Phase Restraint2	50 %				
Phase Breakpoint	1.0				
Ground Restraint1	30 %				
Ground Restraint2	50 %				
Ground Breakpoint	1.0				
Key DTT	Disabled				
Ext Key DTT	OFF				
Target	Self-reset				
Events	Disabled				

#### **Current Sensing**

🖴 Current Sensing // Settin 💶 🗙					
1 2 K 1 Q 9 0					
SETTING	PARAMETER				
Phase CT Primary	5 A				
Phase CT Secondary	5 A				
Ground CT Primary	5 A				
Ground CT Secondary	5 A				

#### Voltage Sensing

■Voltage Sensing // Settings List: C 💶 🗙					
× 2 × 11 < 8 0					
SETTING	PARAMETER				
VT Connection Type	None				
Nominal VT Secondary Voltage	120.0 V				
VT Ratio	120.0 :1				



#### L9087L

DATA INPUT							
Modify Angle ? Calculated I_loc							
‡ <u>0</u>			l_remo \$ 0.00	te A			
	Breakpoint	A	σ1 ‡ 0.0				
	Pickup 0.20	A	σ2 ± 0.0				
	Slope1 30.0	%	Xc1	Ohms			
	Slope2 \$ 50.0	%	Xc2	Ohms			
	J						

# DATA OUTPUT I\_local Mag I\_op Mag I\_rest Mag 0.00 A 0.31 0.31 Status I\_local and I\_remote are less than breakpoint



-

l\_loc vs l\_rem

l\_lo



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